

FORMAL VERIFICATION OF DLT SYSTEMS

GARUDA AI PLATFORM

Viktor Radchenko CEO

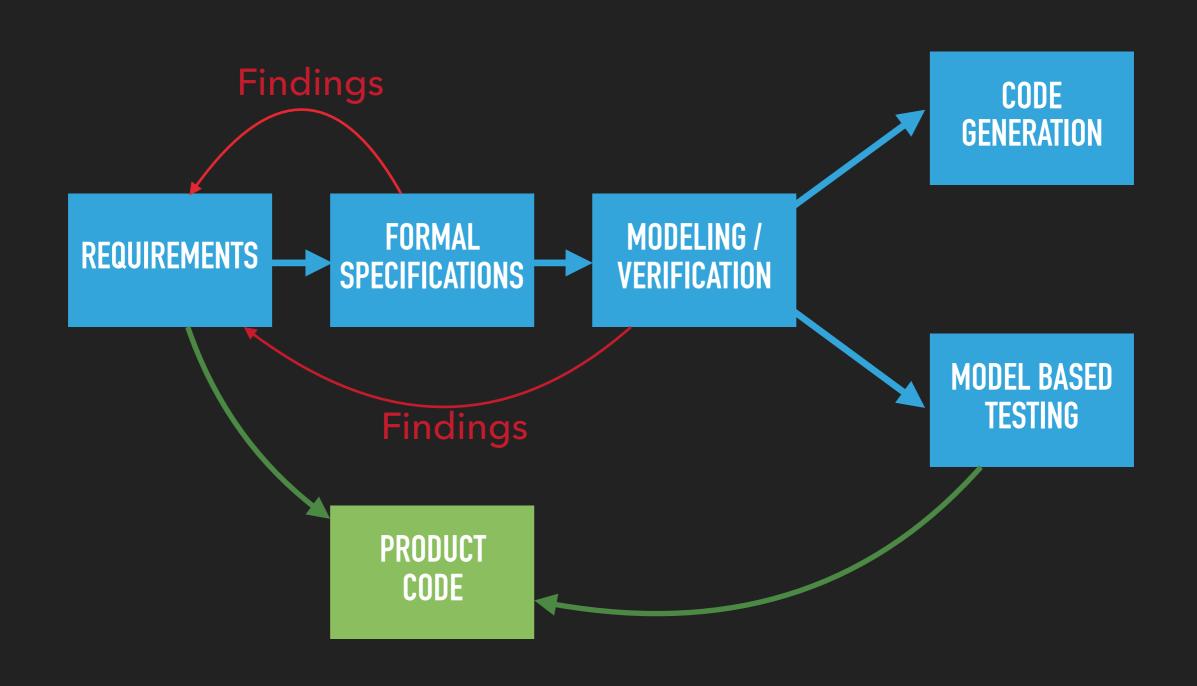
LET'S DISCUSS

- ▶ The Problem: DLT Systems Complexity vs. Governance
- The Solution: Model Driven Development Approach
- Garuda Al Platform:
 - Algebraic modelling
 - History and Formalism
 - Consensus example
 - Mechanism design example
- What's next?

THE PROBLEM: DLT SYSTEMS COMPLEXITY VS. GOVERNANCE

- What has to be checked before going live:
 - Consistence and completeness of the specifications
 - Safety property (nothing bad will happen)
 - Liveness property (something good will happen)
 - Security properties
 - Trends, metrics and thresholds

THE SOLUTION: MODEL DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT APPROACH



HISTORY AND FORMALISM

2019

DLT Verification

2010

Model-based Testing, Revers Engineering, Cyber Security

2000

Verification of the systems: Telecommunication, Automotive, Hardware spec. etc.

1990

Algebraic Programming System, Insertion Modeling System

1980

Automatic theorem prover



Prof. Alexandr Letichevsky



Dr. Oleksandr Letychevskyi



Dr Volodymyr Peschanenko

ALGEBRAIC VERIFICATION VS. CONCRETE SIMULATION

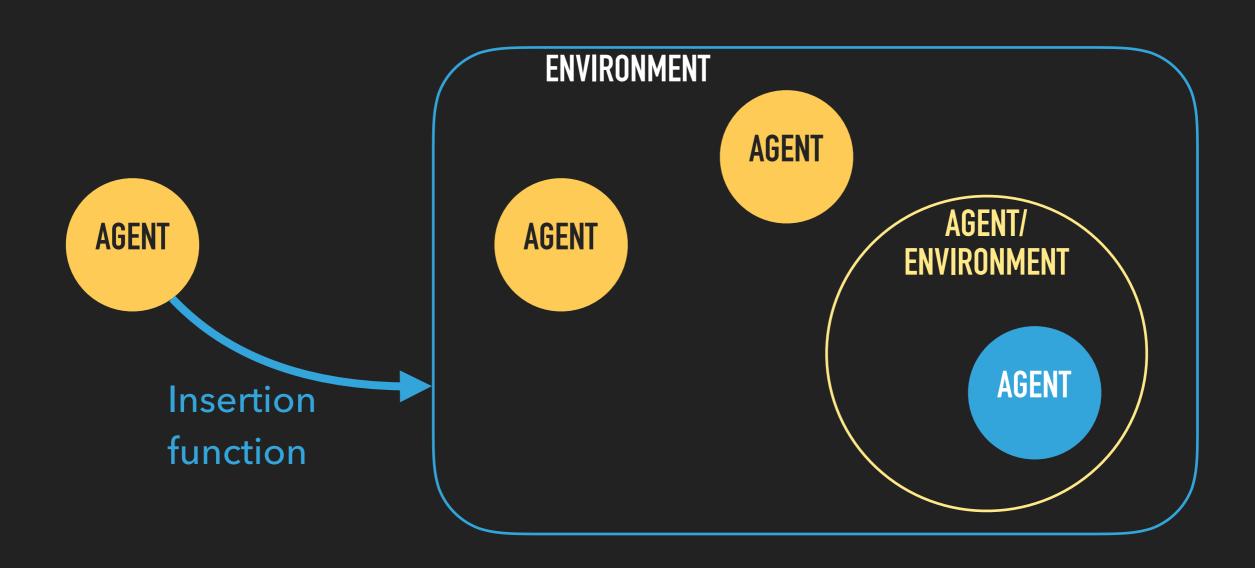
- System behaviour research
- Levels of abstraction and slices
- Proof of properties
- Algebraic behaviours matching
- Model based symbolic testing
- Code generation for the slices
- Garuda Al Platform do both approaches!

FORMALISM

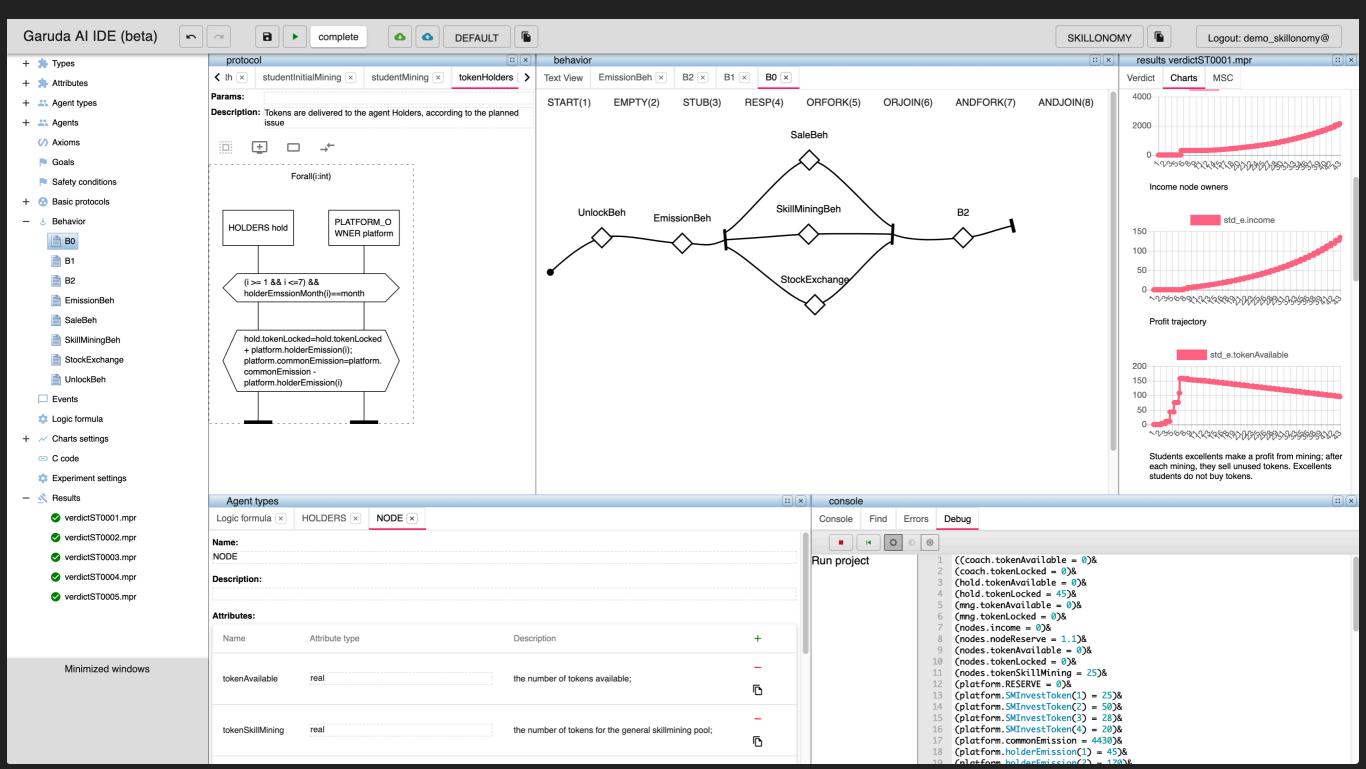
- ▶ The history of process algebra begins at the early seventies of the twentieth century.
- ▶ Behaviour Algebra was developed by Prof. D.Gilbert and Prof. A.Letichevsky in 1997
- Behaviour algebra is a two-sorted universal algebra
- The main sort is a set of behaviours and the second sort is a set of actions
- ▶ The algebra has two operations, three terminal constants, and a relation of approximation
 - The operations are the prefixing a.u (where a is an action, and u is a behaviour) and non-deterministic choice of behaviours u + v
 - ▶ The terminal constants are successful termination Δ , deadlock 0, and non-determinate behaviour \bot
 - > Sequential and parallel compositions of the behaviours

FORMALISM

 On the top of Behaviour Algebra, we utilize Agents and Environment Theory and Insertion Modelling approach which fits well for the multi-agent distributed systems



GARUDA AI PLATFORM OVERVIEW



GARUDA AI PLATFORM MAIN FEATURES

- Imitation modelling: trend charts, metrics and thresholds
- Symbolic modelling: properties validation and proofs
 - Forward modelling
 - Backward modeling
 - Static symbolic verification
 - Symbolic tests generation
- Modelling Strategies
- Interactive modelling: Debug, Environment State
- ▶ UI tools: Charts, MSC, Blockchain formation

CONSENSUS: PROMETHEUS POCW + POR



- Prometheus PoR consensus protocol verification results:
 - PoR formal specification:
 - 25 environment attributes
 - 34 basic protocols
 - Findings: approx. 15
 - Safety property violation: 2 times
 - In Progress: UI Tool

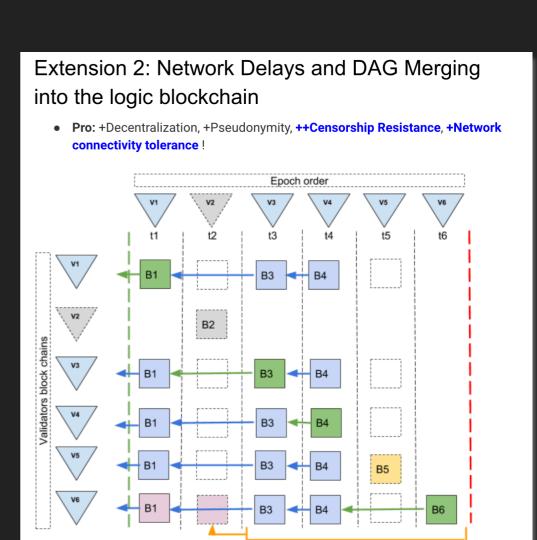
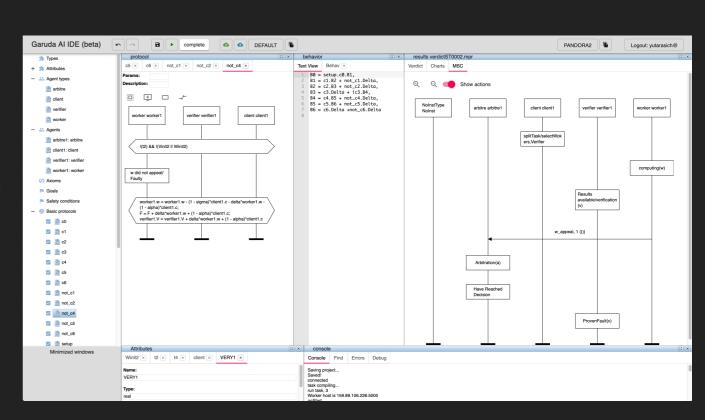


Image 2 - Validator can be down or produce invalid blocks

CONSENSUS: PROMETHEUS POCW + POR



- Prometheus PoCW protocol verification results:
 - PoCW formal specification:
 - 26 environment attributes
 - ▶ 13 basic protocols
 - Verification is in progress



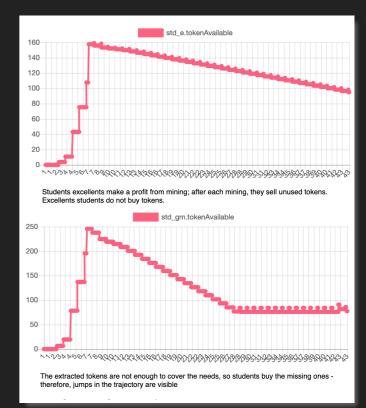
MECHANISM DESIGN: CRYPTO ECONOMICS



Imitation model of token distribution/sales strategy, internal game

mechanics vs. token price vs. BTC price

- Basic protocols: 32
- Findings: approx. 20
- Mechanics violation: 1
- Symbolic modeling
 - Forward: Reachability of critical tokens price lowering condition
 - Backward: Initial values to satisfy desired condition(token price)



NEXT STEPS

- Site: garuda.ai
- ▶ Telegram channel: <u>t.me/Garuda_AI_Platform</u>
- Demo models: <u>platform.garuda.ai</u>
- Papers and conferences: see on the site
- User manual and how to: see on the site
- Test accounts(request directly)
- Plans: seminars and workshops

